

General Instructions:

1. The paper has 14 questions.
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Section A- Question number 1 to 2 are one-mark source based questions. The answer to these questions must not exceed 10-15 words.
4. Section B- Question number 3 to 9 are two-mark questions. These are very short answer type questions. The answer to these questions should not exceed 30 words.
5. Section C- Question number 10-12 are four-mark questions. These are short answer type questions. The answer to these questions should not exceed 80 words.
6. Section D- Question number 13 and 14 are six-mark questions. These are long answer type questions. The answer to these questions should not exceed 200 words.

SECTION A

1. The varied social reform movements did have common themes. Yet there were also significant differences. For some the concerns were confined to the problems that the upper caste, middle class women and men faced. For others the injustices suffered by the discriminated castes were central questions. For some social evils had emerged because of a decline of the true spirit of Hinduism. 1
Read the source and answer the following question.
Why was the Dharma Sabha formed?
2. There were, therefore, small sections of people who adopted western life styles or were affected by western ways of thinking. Apart from this there has been also the general spread of Western cultural traits, such as the use of new technology, dress, food, and changes in the habits and styles of people in general. Across the country a very wide section of middle class homes have a television set, a fridge, some kind of sofa set, a dining table and chair in the living room. 1
Read the source and answer the following question.
Define Westernisation

SECTION B

3. The third major category of land reform laws were the *Land Ceiling Acts*. These laws imposed an upper limit on the amount of land that can be owned by a particular family. The ceiling varies from region to region, depending on the kind of land, its productivity, and other such factors. 2
 - a) What are Benami transfers?
 - b) The surplus land from each household was redistributed to which section of people?
4. Social movements of Dalits show a particular character. The movements cannot be explained satisfactorily by reference to economic exploitations alone or political oppression, although these dimensions are important. This is a struggle for recognition as fellow human beings. 2
 - a) Write a short note on the contribution made by Dalit literature.
 - b) Mention the various Dalit movements
5. Compare the impact of just-in-time for the company vis-à-vis the worker. 2
6. Women have participated in revolts and struggles during the colonial period. Justify this statement by giving examples. 2
7. How did green revolution benefit Indian agriculture initially? 2

8. What is the impact of outsourcing? 2
- OR
- What has the sociologist Harry Braverman argued about the use of machinery?

9. Labour is more free in an industrial society. How? 2

SECTION C

10. How has colonialism impacted our lives? 4

11. Explain the influence of anti-Brahmanical & backward classes movement on the process of Sanskritization. 4

OR

Write a short note on

- a) Secularization of caste. 2
- b) Rites and secularisation 2

12. What is the “Time slavery in the IT Sector”? 4

SECTION D

13. Write an essay on the Jharkhand Movement. 6

OR

Write a note on Theories of Social movement.

14. Explain the agrarian structure of rural society. Also examine the caste and class relationship that exists. 6