

TERM I EXAMINATION (2021-22)
SOCIOLOGY
CLASS XI

TIME: 90 MINUTES

M.M. 40

General Instructions:

1. The paper is divided into 3 sections.
2. Section A has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
3. Section B has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
4. Section C has 12 questions. Attempt any 10 questions.
5. All questions carry equal marks.
6. There is no negative marking.

SECTION A

1. Which of the following subject is often defined as the science of behaviour?
 - a) HISTORY
 - b) ECONOMICS
 - c) POLITICAL SCIENCE
 - d) PSYCHOLOGY
2. Passengers waiting at a railway station is an example of :
 - a) AGGREGATES
 - b) PRIMARY GROUP
 - c) ASSOCIATION
 - d) SECONDARY GROUP
3. In the following groups which one is Primary group?
 - a) HOSPITAL
 - b) FAMILY
 - c) SCHOOL
 - d) OFFICE
4. What is people of similar age group called ?
 - a) PEER
 - b) IN-GROUP
 - c) PRIMARY GROUP
 - d) NONE OF THE ABOVE
5. In which group features like large size, indirect relationship, fulfilment of special interest etc. are found
 - a) PRIMARY GROUP
 - b) IN-GROUP
 - c) SECONDARY GROUP
 - d) OUT-GROUP
6. What is that status called which a person occupies by his/her birth :
 - a) ASCRIBED
 - b) ACHIEVED
 - c) SOCIAL
 - d) ALL OF THE ABOVE
7. Choose that sentence from the following which is not playing social role
 - a) PEASANT WORKING IN THE FIELD
 - b) POLICEMAN CHASING A THIEF
 - c) BURGLAR IS LOOTING A BANK
 - d) A TEACHING IS TEACHING IN THE CLASSROOM
8. Social stratification refers to the existence of :
 - a) SOCIAL EQUALITY
 - b) STRUCTURED INEQUALITY
 - c) ASCRIBED STATUS
 - d) ACHIEVED STATUS
9. Which is not the base of social stratification in the following
 - a) RACE
 - b) CASTE
 - c) OCCUPATION
 - d) LANGUAGE
10. Which is not the agency of social control in the following?
 - a) FAMILY
 - b) RELIGION

- c) MEDIA
 - d) MARKET
11. Among the following who is generally known as functionalist?
 - a) MARX
 - b) WEBER
 - c) DURKHEIM
 - d) NONE
 12. Which is the formal means of social control in the following?
 - a) TRADITION
 - b) LAW
 - c) NORMS
 - d) VALUES
 13. Under which rule marriage among close relatives is prohibited?
 - a) ENDOGAMY
 - b) POLYGAMY
 - c) POLYANDRY
 - d) EXOGAMY
 14. In which family many wives live with one husband?
 - a) POLYGYNOUS FAMILY
 - b) POLYANDROUS FAMILY
 - c) MATRILOCAL FAMILY
 - d) PATRILOCAL FAMILY
 15. Identify the structure of the family where men exercise authority and dominance
 - a) PATRIARCHY
 - b) MATRIARCHY
 - c) POLYGAMY
 - d) PATRILINEAL
 16. The socially acknowledged and approved sexual union between two individuals is known as :
 - a) FAMILY
 - b) MARRIAGE
 - c) KINSHIP
 - d) PROCREATION
 17. What does 'work' generally mean:
 - a) PAID EMPLOYMENT
 - b) UNPAID EMPLOYMENT
 - c) SOCIAL WORK
 - d) RELIGIOUS WORK
 18. Which are those basic rights that denote 'citizenship rights
 - a) CIVIL RIGHTS
 - b) POLITICAL RIGHTS
 - c) SOCIAL RIGHTS
 - d) ALL OF THESE
 19. Who has defined religion as a 'unified system of belief and practices' related to sacred things?
 - a) EMILE DURKHEIM
 - b) MAX WEBER
 - c) AUGUST COMTE
 - d) MACIVER AND PAGE
 20. Ritual acts include
 - a) PRAYING
 - b) CHANTING
 - c) SINGING
 - d) ALL OF THESE
 21. Who wrote the book entitled 'The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism'?
 - a) EMILE DURKHEIM
 - b) MAX WEBER
 - c) AUGUST COMTE
 - d) MACIVER AND PAGE

22. How will you address 'education' in given forms
- AN INSTITUTION
 - A SOCIAL PATTERN
 - A TRADITION
 - A RITUAL
23. Which dimension of culture allows us to process information that we see and hear
- NORMATIVE
 - MATERIAL
 - COGNITIVE
 - NON-MATERIAL
24. When we are in a foreign land, then what does 'our society' mean?
- INDIAN SOCIETY
 - FOREIGN SOCIETY
 - URBAN SOCIETY
 - RURAL SOCIETY

SECTION B

25. Who wrote the book 'The Sociological Imagination?'
- MACIVER AND PAGE
 - EMILE DURKHEIM
 - AUGUST COMTE
 - C.W. MILLS
26. Sociology is interrelated with all other _____ sciences.
- NATURAL
 - SOCIAL
 - BIOLOGICAL
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE
27. The Industrial Revolution was based upon _____, a new dynamic form of economic activity.
- MODERNISATION
 - MECHANISATION
 - SCIENCE
 - CAPITALISM
28. Anthropology is the study of _____ society.
- INDUSTRIAL
 - RURAL
 - PRIMITIVE
 - URBAN
29. Migrants are often considered as an _____.
- REFERENCE GROUP
 - OUT-GROUP
 - PEER GROUP
 - SECONDARY GROUP
30. When one role is in conflict with another it is called _____.
- ROLE STEREOTYPE
 - ROLE CONFLICT
 - STATUS
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE
31. _____ refers to modes of action which do not conform to the norms or values.
- DEVIANCE
 - SANCTION
 - SOCIAL CONTROL
 - PRESTIGE
32. _____ refers to the rules of avoidance in marital relationship
- MONOGAMY
 - POLYGAMY
 - EXOGENY
 - ENDOGENY

33. Husband and wife with or without children is called a _____ family
- JOINT
 - NUCLEAR
 - PATRILOCAL
 - MATRILINEAL
34. Economic system of modern societies are dependent on highly complex _____ of labour
- ASSOCIATION
 - SEGREGATION
 - DIVISION
 - INDUSTRIALISATION
35. _____ believed in pre-destination which meant one will go to Heaven or Hell was pre-ordained
- EMILE DURKHEIM
 - KARL MARX
 - MAX WEBER
 - AUGUST COMTE
36. Schooling intensifies the existing divide between the _____ and the masses.’
- PUBLIC
 - GENDER
 - ELITE
 - POOR
37. Use of machines is a form of _____ aspect of culture
- MATERIAL
 - NON-MATERIAL
 - BOTH
 - NONE
38. Auguste Comte believed that Sociology contributes to the _____ of humanity.
- UPLIFTMENT
 - BETTERMENT
 - WELFARE
 - SERVICE
39. Political Science is the study of _____ aspect of human life.
- GOVERNMENTAL
 - DYNAMIC
 - MONETARY
 - POLITICAL
40. _____ involves itself primarily with individual.
- PSYCHOLOGY
 - SOCIOLOGY
 - ANTHROPOLOGY
 - ECONOMICS
41. _____ is a position that a person holds in the society.
- PRESTIGE
 - STATUS
 - ROLE
 - OCCUPATION
42. Assertion (A): Sociology is deemed to be the study of modern and complex societies.
Reason(R): Anthropology was deemed to be the study of western societies.
- BOTH A AND R ARE TRUE AND R IS THE CORRECT EXPLANATION OF A
 - BOTH A AND R ARE TRUE BUT R IS NOT THE CORRECT EXPLANATION OF A
 - A IS TRUE BUT R IS FALSE
 - A IS FALSE BUT R IS TRUE
43. Assertion (A): Role and Status are not fixed and given
Reason (R): Society thus functions not just with roles and status but also with social control
- BOTH A AND R ARE TRUE AND R IS THE CORRECT EXPLANATION OF A
 - BOTH A AND R ARE TRUE BUT R IS NOT THE CORRECT EXPLANATION OF A
 - A IS TRUE BUT R IS FALSE
 - A IS FALSE BUT R IS TRUE

44. "Culture or civilisation taken in its wide ethnographic sense, is that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, morals, law, custom and any other capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society" whose definition is this?
- CLIFFORD GEERTZ
 - EDWARD TYLOR
 - MALINOWSKI
 - LESLIE WHITE
45. Socialization deals with _____
- ADOPTION OF SOCIAL NORMS
 - GETTING ACCUSTOMED TO SOCIAL PRACTICES
 - LEARNING SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR
 - ALL OF THESE
46. When a female can have more than one husband, this situation is denoted by the term
- POLYANDRY
 - POLYGyny
 - POLYGAMY
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE
47. Sister in law is an example of which type of relationship
- CONSANGUINEOUS
 - AFFINAL
 - BOTH A AND B
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE
48. The term 'Role Conflict refers to which of the following situation?
- AN INDIVIDUAL IS CONFRONTED WITH A SITUATION WHERE HE/SHE IS EXPECTED TO DELIVER MORE THAN WHAT HE/SHE IS CAPABLE OF
 - TWO INDIVIDUALS WITH CONFLICTING INTERESTS TRY TO WORK TOGETHER
 - AN INDIVIDUAL FACE TWO OR MORE CONFLICTING EXPECTATIONS
 - TWO INDIVIDUALS WITH DIFFERING SPECIALIZATIONS TRY TO DO A SIMILAR KIND OF WORK

SECTION C

49. A comprehensive survey entitled *Culture: A Critical Review of Concepts and Definitions* was published in the year
- 1951
 - 1952
 - 1953
 - 1954
50. A law is a formal _____ defined by government as a rule or principle that its citizens must follow
- SYSTEM
 - NORM
 - SANCTION
 - INSTITUTION
51. Sociology is the study of human _____
- EXISTENCE
 - SOCIAL LIFE
 - BEHAVIOUR
 - SOCIAL GROUPS
52. The groups whose life styles are emulated are known as _____ groups
- PEER
 - ASSOCIATION
 - COMMUNITY
 - REFERNCE
53. When two people marry, they become _____ to one another
- PARTNERS
 - KIN
 - RELATIVES
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE

54. One of the main features of modern societies is an enormous expansion of economic _____
- INTERDEPENDENCE
 - SYSTEM
 - ACTIVITIES
 - CONSUMPTION
55. The Industrial Revolution was based upon a new, dynamic form of economic activity- _____.
- MECHANISATION
 - CAPITALISM
 - MODERNISATION
 - DIVISION OF LABOUR
56. A sociological perspective which emphasises the centrality of gender in analysing the social world
- FUNCTIONALIST PERSPECTIVE
 - FEMINIST THEORIES
 - SYMBOLIC INTERACTIONISM
 - CONFLICT THEORIST
57. _____ refers to the undisputed political rule of a state over a given territorial area.
- CITIZENSHIP
 - STATE
 - SOVEREIGNTY
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE
58. _____ is the application of one's own cultural values in evaluating the behaviour and beliefs of people from other cultures
- ETHNOCENTRISM
 - COSMOPOLITANISM
 - BOTH (a) and (b)
 - NONE
59. The *Brahmin* priestly castes, are superior to all others and the _____, sometimes called the 'outcastes' are inferior to all other castes.
- LOWER CASTES
 - UNTOUCHABLES
 - PANCHAMAS
 - NONE OF THE ABOVE
60. The belief is that the male child will support the parents in the old age and the female child will leave on marriage results in families investing more in a male child. Despite the biological fact that a female baby has better chances of survival than a male baby the rate of infant mortality among female children is higher in comparison to male children in lower age group in India. This is an example of-
- JOINT FAMILY
 - GENDERED FAMILY
 - BOTH
 - NONE